



NCOM – National Coalition Of Motorcyclists / AIM - Aid for Injured Motorcyclists
AIM / NCOM - Free Legal And Legislative Consultation

Free All Brothers Behind Bars...

Editor: Mike SOS MC Retired...

Any man who thinks he can be happy and prosperous

By letting the Gov't take care of him better take a closer look at the American Indian! - Henry Ford

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In memory of **Diablo Nomad Stony** who died recently... May He Rest In the After Life & Ride Forever...

Congratulations **Outlaw Jack** from *England* on your release...

Congratulations **Outlaw Rambo** on your upcoming release in October 2013...

Congratulations **D.C. Eagle Johnny Angel** on your release to Half-Way house...

Congratulations **Highwaymen Monk** on your upcoming release on October 8, 2013...

Welcome **Pagan Goat** to the NCOM Brothers behind Bars Newsletter Mailing List...

Happy Birthday **Diablo Tony** on September 2nd...

Happy Birthday **Outlaw Spike** on October 1st...

Happy Birthday **Highwaymen Monk** on October 6th...

Happy Birthday **Hells Angel Frizzy** on October 17th...

Happy Birthday **Pagan Ogre** on October 24th...

Happy Birthday **Pagan Handcuff's** on September 4th...

Happy Birthday **Pagan MTN** on October 4th...

Happy Birthday **Iron Horsemen Captain** on October 16th...

Happy Birthday **Warlock "The Fox"** on October 22nd...

Happy Birthday **Vago Rooster** on October 25th...

Editor's Note: I produce this National Coalition of Motorcyclists Brothers Behind Bars Newsletter which is a non-partisan newsletter for Bikers by Bikers. Information from the Newsletter contains News Articles & other information that may be of interest to a biker behind bars. Financial support for this Newsletter comes mainly from NCOM, Motorcycle Clubs, And Confederations Of Clubs...

Editor's Note: Currently we are sending over 365 copies of this newsletter to members of **73** Motorcycle Clubs...

Editor's Note: For *July* there were 2 issues, For *August* there were 2 issues, For *September* this is the 1st issue ...

Editor's Note: I would like to Thank my Wife "Kari" for getting these Newsletters ready to be mail...

News Article Sources: All News Articles contained in this NCOM Brothers Behind Bars Newsletter, unless source is specified, are obtained from the following 3 Web Sites: **Road Scholars**(*Wolf From Atlanta*), Outlaw Biker World, White Trash News & Becky Cakes...

Disclaimer: The News Media does NOT always tell the Whole Truth... It tends to sensationalize the News to Sell Newspapers...

In Fact, Many Times the News Media gets the Facts Wrong!!!

Editor's Note: It is too hard to keep up with counts, But for your info here are the Clubs that are getting the Brothers Behind Bars Newsletter (**73 Clubs**) in Prison: Avengers, Bandidos, Banshees, Barons, Black Pistons, Boozefighters, BPM, Breed, Brother Speed, Brotherhood Nomads, Brothers Of Wheels, Damned Deacon, D.C. Eagles, Death Squad, Derelicts, Devils Diciples, Diablos, El Forastero, Finks, Fly-In-Wheels, Forsaken Few, Free Souls, Galloping Goose, Ghost Riders, Grim Reapers, Gypsy Joker, Hells Angels, Hells Lovers, Hells Outcasts, Hermanos, Hessians, Hidalgo's, Highwaymen, In Country Vietnam, Iron Coffins, Iron Horsemen, Invaders, Iron Wings, Iron Mustangs, Legion Of Doom, Liberty Riders, Long Riders, Marauder's, Misfits, Mohawk Valley Riders, Mongols, Motopsychoz, Nomads, Outlaws, Pagan's, Peckerwood, Phantom's, Pharoahs, Reapers, Renegades, Sadistics, Satans Soldiers, Scorpions, Set Free Soldiers, Sin City Deciples, Sons of Legion, Sons Of Silence, Sovereign, Sundowners, Thunderbirds, Unforegiven, Vagos, Vietnam Vets / Legacy Vets, Y-Rohirrin, Warlocks Pa, Warlocks, Winos Crew And Wheels Of Soul... With newsletters going to Australia, Canada, England, France, Finland, Germany, Norway, Sweden, & Wales...

Editor's Note (For BBB Only): Being a Patch holder in Good Standings does have it privileges... And this is one of them... If you are a Patch Holder in Good Standings & contact me, include your Chapter too... If you are Not a patch holder of a MC in Good Standings, Don't write me & request that I add you to the mailing list. You will only get rejected, as I only make very few special exceptions.

Editor's Note: I would like to Thank all of the contacts from all of the **Motorcycle Clubs** that verify if requesting member is in Good Standing with their Club; & all of the other assistance that you give me, such as address changes, being released, & soliciting donations...

Editor's Note: In the interest of cost savings, If you can share One copy of this newsletter where I am sending multiple copies to the same institution, please let me know... Thanks, Mike

The AIM/NCOM Motorcycle E-News Service is brought to you by Aid to Injured Motorcyclists & the National Coalition of Motorcyclists, & is sponsored by the Law Offices of Richard M. Lester. If you've been involved in any kind of accident, call us at 1-(800) ON-A-BIKE or visit www.ON-A-BIKE.com ...

Biker Newsbytes: Compiled & Edited by Bill Bish, NCOM

Fed Bills Would Protect Manufacturers of Ethanol Fuels: Even as motorcyclists & others are calling for further research & testing of fuels containing ethanol, & the fact that E-15 (gasoline containing 15% ethanol) is not approved for use in any of the millions of motorcycles on & off-road, 2 bills have been introduced in Congress to protect the fuel industry from lawsuits resulting from its use. Illinois Congressman John Shimkus, otherwise a longtime friend of motorcycle riders, has authored H.R.1214, the Domestic Fuels Protection Act of 2014; "To provide liability protection for claims based on the design, manufacture, sale, offer for sale, introduction into commerce, or use of certain fuels & fuel additives." Likewise, Texas Congressman Gene Green has offered H.R.2267, the American Fuel Protection Act of 2013, which "Deems a claim for liability against a qualified entity as a claim against the United States for damages resulting from, or aggravated by, the use of transportation fuel containing ethanol in concentrations greater than 10% to operate an internal combustion engine. Abrogates

U.S. sovereign immunity & makes the United States exclusively liable for such claims. Limits awards to actual damages sustained by a claimant. Defines "qualified entity" to mean an entity engaged in the manufacture, use, sale, or distribution of: (1) transportation fuel or renewable fuel, or (2) products which use transportation fuel. Grants U.S. district courts exclusive jurisdiction of any civil actions on such claims." Both bills have been referred to committee, & either proposal would indemnify fuel manufacturers & suppliers from legal actions for damages caused by their product, leaving U.S. taxpayers to foot the bill for clean-ups from leakage & limiting their liability to actual damages by a claimant, such as the out-of-pocket cost to rebuild an engine damaged by E-15 gas.

Missouri Initiative may put Ridership to a Vote: The secretary of state's office has announced that a petition to restrict passengers on motorcycles has met standards for circulation, & supporters can begin collecting signatures to get the proposal on the 2014 ballot. The proposal, to be put to voters to decide, would require Missouri motorcycle operators to be at least 21 & complete a rider-safety class before they could carry passengers. The restrictions would not apply to those who have had had a motorcycle license for the previous 2 years & were born in 1984 or earlier. The first violation would be a misdemeanor with a fine of up to \$300. Penalties would increase for repeat offenses.

Pink Plates Panned by Maine Motorcyclists: The Maine lawmaker who was the driving force behind the popular pink ribbon breast cancer awareness license plate in that state says the response to creating a motorcycle version has been lukewarm. The Maine Cancer Foundation says nearly 70 people have committed to the motorcycle license plate, but 500 pre-orders are required for the Bureau of Motor Vehicles to begin production. State Rep Meredith Strang Burgess (R-Cumberland) has told the Journal Tribune newspaper that she's setting a deadline of year's end for collecting pre-orders. If the pre-registrations are gathered, it will take 3 months for the state to produce the plates before the first ones will be seen on Maine motorcycles.

Bikers Routed After Shooting Sue Police: Members of a motorcycle club claim their constitutional rights were violated when Arizona officers routed them at gunpoint at a campsite where a man shot his wife & 2 others before killing himself at a 2011 bike rally near Flagstaff. The Sons of Hell have filed a federal lawsuit last week against the Arizona Dept of Public Safety & the Coconino County Sheriff's Office seeking monetary compensation. Its members claim officers were trying to collect information for a criminal street gang database, even though they knew club members weren't involved in the shooting.

Motorcyclists Launch \$100M Suit Against Quebec Insurance Board: The Motorcyclist Movement of Quebec, which represents more than 8,000 motorcyclists in the province, says sky-high hikes in insurance premiums are unfair & discriminate against motorcycle owners, & held a protest in downtown Montreal to launch a \$100 million class-action lawsuit against Quebec's automobile insurance board (SAAQ). The organization's Pres & founder, Michael Mosca, says license plate registration fees have increased by 400% since 2008. "They're being discriminated upon. It's a very abusive law," he says. However, the SAAQ says the premiums are needed in order to compensate victims involved in motorcycle accidents. The board adjusted insurance premiums after a review revealed a \$109 million deficit in 2006. While Mosca admits that motorcycles are higher-risk vehicles, he claims that "When there are accidents between cars & motorcycles, 94 or

95% of the time it's the car's fault, so the motorcyclist is being punished when he's not at fault." Instead of increasing fees, Mosca suggests the SAAQ should do more to educate people about road safety, adding that it's time people change their minds about motorcycles. "Motorcycles consume less fuel, they cause less pollution, less damage to the roads, which is beneficial to the whole planet," he said.

New Law Could Doom Motorcycle Firms in East Africa: Motorcycles account for over 65% of motor vehicle registrations every month in Kenya, but new rules requiring motorcycle assemblers to use locally generated parts, when no companies in East Africa are manufacturing them, could spell doom for motorcycle firms. Manufacturers are raising the red flag over the new law, in force effective July 1st, which stipulates a 25% duty remission on motorcycle assemblers who fail to adhere to the new regulations which require parts such as seats, mudguards, wheel rims, break-gears, exhaust pipes, tires, chassis, batteries & shock absorbers to be manufactured within the East African Community (EAC). Assemblers are concerned about the capacity of the region to produce the specified parts, & they say such a move is likely to compromise safety standards, kill employment opportunities & make motorcycles unaffordable. "The EAC region lacks capacity to produce these parts," said Honda Motorcycle Kenya Ltd chairman, Isaac Kalua. "Currently, there is no particular company that can produce any of these parts." The new law crafted by the EAC seeks to encourage consumption of locally produced materials, but it is now causing jitters within the manufacturing fraternity. The Kenya Association of Manufacturers (KAM) called the decision "a bit premature" & KAM Chief Executive Officer Betty Maina told Business Beat, "We are currently investigating to establish whether there is local capacity to produce those parts in Kenya, Uganda & Tanzania before we advise the Government on the timing of that decision."

Motorcycle Helmets Banned in Phillipine City Due to Bombings: For an easier identification of criminals, local authorities in Cotabato City have banned the wearing of motorcycle helmets after several deadly car bomb blasts. City police said the measure will help them identify known criminals in the area, & are also hoping that the city council will support their move, radio dzBB has reported. Several countries had cautioned their nationals to take precautions in traveling to Mindanao, in the Philippines, due to the bombings. Cotabato City is a mixed Muslim-Catholic city on the main southern island of Mindanao where Muslim insurgents have waged a decades old rebellion that has claimed 150,000 lives.

Panamanian Riders to be Required to Wear Numbered Vests & Helmets: Amid nationwide protests from motorcycle riders, a controversial new set of laws may soon force motorcyclists in Panama to emblazon their license plate number on reflective vests & helmets. Following objections from motorcycle clubs, the Transport Authority (ATTT) decided to postpone the enforcement of the decree regulating the new safety standards for motorcycles, Resolution 904, which was originally set to begin July 24th. Motorcyclist groups in this Central American country say that the measure will not help reduce the use of motorcycles in acts of crime, such as drive-by shootings, & they also insist that the measure is unconstitutional. Ricardo Mosquera, the President of the Motorcycle Association of Panama, described the move as arbitrary, & as an imposition. "At no time were we consulted on this new standard, it also strikes me as having been negotiated with whoever is going to sell the vests. Moreover, a criminal could simply make a vest bearing any number, commit their

crime, & the innocent would then be blamed," Mosquera told Panama-Guide.com. ATTT head Roberto Moreno said that motorcyclists only disagree with the use of numbered helmets & vests but are not opposed to driving with their lights on, & they also have no qualms about restrictions on driving on sidewalks & shoulders of the roads & in the middle of streets & avenues around the country.

BMW Develops Inflatable Safety Clothing: BMW Motorrad & Dainese have announced that they are to cooperate in a joint development of innovative motorcycle safety clothing, partnering to develop motorcycle rider equipment with fully integrated inflatable protectors. The first product to emerge from the cooperation will be the DoubleR RaceAir one-piece leather suit designed exclusively for use on racetracks, & the next stage will be to develop the Dainese D-Air Street System as a retrofit solution for BMW Motorrad. The system is scheduled to be launched in 2015, following successful completion of all the crash tests. BMW Motorrad customers will then be able to retrofit the innovative safety system to their motorcycles. Based in Germany, BMW Motorrad is the only motorcycle manufacturer to have developed the complete range of rider equipment ever since the 1970s - from motorcycle helmets to rider suits, boots & gloves. The ABS pioneer says it has always regarded motorcycling & safety as being inseparably linked & anchored in the "Safety 360" principle, which breaks down the overall concept of safe motorcycling into 3 facets: safety technology in the vehicle, safety deriving from rider equipment & safety through rider training.

Feds Petition for Mandatory Anti-Lock Brakes on All Street Bikes: The Insurance Institute for Highway Safety & the Highway Loss Data Institute have petitioned the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration to upgrade the Fed Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 122 Motorcycle brake systems (49 CFR 571.122). "This standard should be strengthened to require ABS on all new motorcycles manufactured for on-highway use in the United States," wrote the IIHS & HLDI in joint letter on May 30, 2013 to NHTSA Administrator David L. Strickland. Research by IIHS & HLDI indicate that ABS reduces the motorcycle fatal crash rate by an estimated 31% & the collision insurance claim rate by an estimated 20%.

Allstate Introduces "Good Ride Grants" for Motorcycle Safety Ideas: Allstate Insurance Company announced the newest initiative under its Rider Protection Project portfolio - a series of programs all focused on making the roads a safer place to ride. The Allstate Good Ride Grant contest will award a combined total of \$25,000 to 5 contest winners with the best ideas for advancing motorcycle safety & awareness. Now through August 31, 2013, contest applicants may submit their Good Ride Grant submissions through the designated tab on Allstate Motorcycle's Facebook page at facebook.com/AllstateMotorcycle. Entries are welcome from anyone, including local Gov'ts, dealerships, rider clubs & individuals. A six-person judging committee will determine the top 15 finalists, whose ideas will then be featured on the Allstate Motorcycle Facebook page where fans can vote for their favorites & the top 5 will each receive a \$5,000 grant to help put their ideas into action.

Quotable Quote: "Every man owes a part of his time & money to the business or industry in which he is engaged. No man has a moral right to withhold his support from an organization that is striving to improve conditions within his sphere." - Theodore Roosevelt (1858-1919) 26th President of the United States

Meth-Extorting Outlaws MC Warlock goes on the Lam in Baltimore - Aug 13, 2013 - *Maryland* - By Van Smith; <http://blogs.CityPaper.com> - The "warlock," or enforcer, of the Philadelphia chapter of the Outlaws MC, a 43-year-old Baltimore man named Michael James "Maniac" Privett of Baltimore, is on the lam from the law, according to court documents filed in Fed court in Philadelphia, where in May he pleaded guilty to extortion for his part in a methamphetamine conspiracy investigated by the FBI. While awaiting his sentencing hearing, which was recently postponed from Aug. 6 to Dec. 11, Privett was on supervised release at his home at 6600 Gary Ave. in the O'Donnell Heights/Graceland Park area of East Baltimore. But on Aug. 6, court records show, Privett's Maryland pre-trial services officer, Todd Stokes, contacted his counterpart in Philadelphia, Phillip Harris, to say Privett's whereabouts were unknown. Stokes explained that he had "received a frantic phone call from the defendant's fiancé, Maxine Radloff," who said Privett "stole her vehicle & assaulted her" on Aug. 3, & "was charged with second degree assault, theft (\$1,000 - \$10,000), motor vehicle/unlawful taken, & unauthorized removal of property," court documents state. Radloff also said "her car was found near her home, however, the transmission was removed," adding that "she is concerned" for Privett's "safety, & stated she believes he is using crack cocaine." Stokes, the court document states, said he'd "had no contact with the defendant since July 23," when "a home visit was conducted" & "no issues or problems" were noted, while 2 urine specimens had "tested negative for illegal substances." Stoke's information prompted Harris to ask Petrese Tucker, the chief U.S. District judge of Pennsylvania's Eastern District, to revoke Privett's bail & issue a warrant for his arrest, which she did on Aug. 7, court records show. Privett's attorney, Jeff Lindy, today confirmed this in a phone conversation with City Paper, saying his client is currently a fugitive from a warrant & that his pre-trial release is revoked until he's in custody & can appear for a hearing before the judge. Maryland online court records do not, as of today, reflect any new state criminal charges against Privett, who has asserted in court documents that he worked as a "pile driver" on the Chesapeake Bay before his arrest on the Philly charges. Court records show he is scheduled to appear today in Maryland District Court on North Ave. for a final hearing on a domestic-violence restraining order - a case which Radloff had told Stokes about, according to court documents, saying she'd requested the restraining order. Privett's co-defendant in the meth case in Philadelphia is another Maryland man, Ronald L. "Bugs" Sells of Churchville, who was described as the president of the Outlaws' Philly chapter. Sells also has pleaded guilty in the case, which was followed in April with another indictment charging 2 more Philly Outlaws - Marylander Robert Mansfield & Joseph "Timber" Malcolm - for their involvement in the meth-dealing scheme. The Fed prosecutor on the 2 cases, Robert Livermore, filed documents stating that Mansfield "apparently lives in Baltimore," where is he "a significant drug trafficker" & serves as the Philly Outlaws' "main supplier," telling the club he "could obtain unlimited quantities of pure methamphetamine directly from a Mexican cartel."

Michael Henry "Delano Mike" Pena - Aug 12, 2013 - *California* - By The Aging Rebel; www.AgingRebel.com - Michael Henry "Delano Mike" Pena, a well known member of the Hells Angels MC, was buried Saturday, August 10 at the Greenlawn Southwest Mortuary Cemetery in Bakersfield. He died July 17 on the southbound 405, the San Diego Freeway in Los Angeles. Pena was legally riding his motorcycle in the car pool lane near Victory Boulevard when he hit a Nissan pick-up truck that had stopped to use the lane as a breakdown lane after

one of the trucks tires went flat. Pena was pronounced dead at the scene by Los Angeles Fire Dept paramedics. Pena was born in Orange County, California & lived in Bakersfield. He was in the news recently because he was accused of murder in an alleged fight with 2 men reported to be associated with the Vagos Motorcycle outside a tattoo parlor near Bakersfield in May 2010. It was Pena's only felony charge & he was acquitted. But Karl Hall, the prosecutor in the recent Ernesto Gonzalez murder trial, had told jurors the Bakersfield homicide was the motive for the homicide of Hells Angel Jeffrey Pettigrew in Reno in Sept 2011. Most people knew Delano Mike Pena as a good hearted & generous man. The same week Pettigrew was shot, Pena organized a multi-club fund raiser for a ten-year-old girl named Zoe Whipple who suffered from kidney disease. Delano Mike is survived by his father, Raul Felix of Delano, CA; his mother Sylvia Brunelle of Orange City, IA; his sisters Melinda Pena, Lethesia Escalante, Cecilia Salazar & Elizabeth Felix; his brother Bubba Felix; & his children, Reyna Pena, Isaac Pena, Brandee Pena, Jacob Pena & Dominic Pena. Delano Mike Pena turned 47 in May. He made his life matter. Many still weep for him.

3 defendants remain, Cal State prof's alleged drug case - Aug 12, 2013 - *California* - By www.redlandsdailyfacts.com / Lori Fowler - The original group accused of conspiracy to traffic methamphetamine with a CSUSB kinesiology professor has been wittled down to 3 defendants. 11 people were arrested in 2011, after officials discovered the alleged drug-trafficking ring throughout San Bernardino, Highland, & Redlands. But since then, 8 have accepted pleas & pleaded guilty to a variety of charges. District Atty Tulcan called the remaining defendants -- Stephen Kinzey, Holly Robinson, & Jeremy Disney - the "biggest players". "The case is strongest against these 3," Tulcan said. In June, the most recent defendant to accept a plea deal was Hans Preszler. He pleaded guilty to 1 count of conspiracy to commit a crime & was sentenced to 1 year & 4 months, according to court records. In Sept, 2011 Wendi Witherell pleaded guilty to 1 count of possession of a controlled substance for sale. In Oct, Elaine Flores, Stephanie Padilla, Chelsea Johnson & Eric Cortez pleaded guilty to 1 count of conspiracy to commit a crime. In Nov 2011, Edward Freer pleaded guilty to 1 count of possession of a controlled substance for sale. That same day, Christopher Rikerd pleaded guilty to 1 count of possession of a controlled substance & 1 count of participating in a criminal street gang. But prosecutors & defense attys have not reached a plea bargain for the remaining 3 defendants. "It doesn't seem like (Kinzey, Robinson & Disney) are interested in what we're offering," Tulcan said. Authorities began investigating the group in 2011 during a Fed undercover operation involving outlaw biker clubs in the county. San Bernardino County sheriff's detectives allege Kinzey, a professor at Cal State San Bernardino, purchased large amounts of meth from Disney & then distributed to other defendants who split it into smaller amounts for mid-level & street-level dealers. During an Aug 2011 raid at Kinzey's East Highlands ranch, officials intercepted a pound of meth that was being delivered. Prosecutors charged Kinzey, who is on paid leave from the Univ, with possession of a controlled substance for sale, receiving known stolen property, participating in a criminal street gang, conspiracy, & possession of a controlled substance while armed with a loaded firearm, according to court records. Officials believe Kinzey is the president of The Devils Diciples MC. The next court hearing is scheduled for Sept 6, where lawyers will discuss a motion regarding voice exemplars, which Tulcan said was like an audio version of a line up. This case involving a wire, officials are looking for voice identification - specifically for Kinzey & Disney, he said.

Firefighter, a Warlocks gang member, resigns, Daytona fire officials say – Aug 13, 2013 – *Florida* – By Lyda Longa; www.News-JournalOnline.com - A Daytona Beach firefighter lieutenant who belongs to an outlaw motorcycle gang resigned as the city investigated charges he beat his girlfriend, fire officials said Tuesday. Firefighter Brad Dyess' membership in the Warlocks MC — described by the FBI & other Fed agencies as a criminal organization — has prompted the Fire Dept to draft a new policy that could address which groups or clubs firefighters may or may not belong to when they're off duty. Dyess, a 13-year veteran of the Daytona Beach Fire Dept, left last week, said spokesman Lt. Larry Stoney. He had been placed on unpaid leave June 25. His salary was \$57,920. The 41-year-old Dyess — known as "Dice" among his Warlock brethren — was arrested in June by Daytona Beach police while he was on duty at the fire station, said Police Chief Mike Chitwood. Dyess' live-in girlfriend told Cocoa Beach police on June 12 that Dyess had grabbed her by the throat, slammed her down into a sofa, pistol whipped her & fired off a round near her head, a Cocoa Beach police report shows. Stoney said the Fire Dept launched an internal affairs investigation into Dyess' actions that evening in Cocoa Beach, but the lieutenant's resignation ended the query. According to memos released by the Fire Dept on Tue, Dyess was supposed to be interviewed on July 10, but the session was canceled. When Dyess resigned, the investigation was closed, a memo from Interim Fire Chief Dru Driscoll shows. The controversy around Dyess had little to do with the battery charge & everything do with his membership in the Warlocks. Fire officials said they knew all along that Dyess was a member of the Warlocks but they could do nothing about it because they had no policy in place that dictated which groups or clubs firefighters may or may not belong to when off duty. They were also aware that Dyess & 4 other Warlocks had been involved in a fatal shootout at a VFW post in Winter Springs last Sept. Three of the 4 Warlocks Dyess had been riding with died in the shooting. According to a Winter Springs police incident report, Dyess told investigators he pulled out his own gun as he saw one of his "brothers" fall in front of him. He said he ran toward a wall & jumped over it, the report states. The document does not mention whether Dyess was shot. After the shooting, Stoney said both the city of Daytona Beach & the Fire Dept investigated Dyess' role in the incident. Stoney said Dyess wasn't fired because Winter Springs police did not charge him in the shootout. The fact that the Warlocks have been pegged an outlaw motorcycle gang by the FBI & the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco & Firearms had no bearing on Dyess' status with the Fire Dept, Stoney said. But membership in such clubs by firefighters soon could be banned. Stoney said the proposed policy still must be reviewed by the fire chief & the city attorney's office. "We have to make sure the policy can be enacted (legally)," Stoney said.

Sturgis 2013 – Aug 13, 2013 – *South Dakota* – By The Aging Rebel; www.AgingRebel.com - Sturgis, the Black Hills Motorcycle Rally, ended Sunday & most of the official numbers haven't been calculated yet but it looks like it was another banner year for motorcycle tourism. Event sponsors said this years rally attracted more visitors than last year. Event sponsors say that every year but South Dakota Highway Patrol Captain Kevin Karley told Rapid City television station KNBN "we can see the traffic is up this year." Last year's official attendance was 416,000. That's about 30 percent less than 2000 when an estimated 604,000 bikers attended the rally. The city of Sturgis issued 734 temporary vendor licenses this year which was 42 more than last year. There were 69 motorcycle accidents resulting in injuries this year. Last year there were only 50. There were 50

non-injury accidents last year. This year there were only 33. Cops wrote 1,535 traffic tickets & issued 4,932 warnings for violations. There were 255 drunken driving arrests, 4 more than last year, & 275 drug arrests. Last year there were only 219. The 275 drug arrests amount to about 15 percent of all the drug arrests the entire state of South Dakota expects to make this year. Cops seized 9 vehicles & \$13,221 in cash as a result of drug arrests.

Behind The Numbers: One of the DUIs was awarded to second generation daredevil Robbie Knievel. Fellow stuntman Clint Ewing wasn't so lucky. Ewing, who holds the record for the longest motorcycle ride through a 2,900 "tunnel of fire" tried to break his own record at the Buffalo Chip Campground last Wednesday. The video below seems to indicate Clint might have gotten as far as 300 feet through the 360 foot long tunnel before he crashed & ran screaming & flailing through the side of the tunnel. He suffered third degree burns & is now being treated at a burn center in Los Angeles. The state of South Dakota estimates that rally attendees spend about \$250 a day each to attend Sturgis & those numbers are probably on the low side. The minimum price of a hotel room in Rapid City or Sturgis is \$200 a night. Weekly rates to camp at the Buffalo Chip are \$180 for dry RVs, \$450 for RV hookups & \$150 for a tent spot. According to an article in the Rapid City Journal a typical rally visitor spends about \$400 for gas travelling to Sturgis & about \$750 for tee-shirts, souvenirs, concerts, beer & food. This years concerts included Bret Michaels, Vince Neil, Kid Rock, ZZ Top, Rob Zombie & Mastodon.

More: The sleazy side of Sturgis included a sting by the Rapid City Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force that led to the arrests of 9 men on charges of trying to buy sex with underage girls after responding to online ads. There were no reported "motorcycle gang" incidents this year. Sturgis, with a population of 6,500, spent about \$1 million to host the rally. The city will probably realize a profit of about \$350,000 which will amount to about 80% of its annual budget.

Good News for US Prisoners Seeking 'Compassionate Release' - Aug 13, 2013 – *U.S.A.* – By Jamie Fellner; www.HRW.org - Dying, incapacitated, & elderly Fed prisoners will have a better shot at securing early release under policy changes announced by Atty General Eric Holder. Holder's speech to the American Bar Association in San Francisco yesterday was light on specifics, but he nodded toward important recent reforms to the **Bureau of Prison's** "compassionate release" program, which represent major improvements in 3 areas. The first change addresses medical reasons for early release. The new policies allow dying prisoners to seek compassionate release within 18 months of their anticipated death, rather than the previous term of 12 months. They also clarify that a prisoner need not, as before, be completely disabled to be eligible, as long as they have a seriously debilitated medical condition due to illness or injury from which they will never recover. A second set of changes concerns the release of a prisoner after the death or incapacitation of a caregiver looking after a member of the prisoner's family. Up to now, the BOP has theoretically permitted requests for release on this ground, but in practice has never granted a single one. The new policies lay out specific criteria & procedures in these situations which, we hope, will lead to early release decision in such cases. A third change – & this is stunning & wholly unexpected – is the decision to permit elderly prisoners who are not necessarily dying or seriously incapacitated to seek early release. Prisoners 65 & older can now apply for early release if they have served 50% or more of their sentences, have chronic or serious medical conditions connected to aging, & experience deteriorating mental or physical capabilities that

diminish their ability to function in a correctional facility. Even without such medical conditions, a prisoner 65 or older who has served 10 years or 75% of his sentence, whichever is greater, can also apply for early release. The Fed compassionate release program was long overdue for reform. Last year, Human Rights Watch & Families Against Mandatory Minimums published “The Answer is No: Too Little Compassionate Release in US Fed Prisons,” the first comprehensive examination of how compassionate release in the Fed system works. We found a poorly supervised program without compassion in which prisoners were eligible for release only in the most narrowly defined dire medical situations & in which prisoners who were dying or seriously incapacitated were arbitrarily denied early release even when they would pose no public safety risk. Keeping elderly, dying, or incapacitated prisoners behind bars when their release would not threaten public safety violates human rights, common sense, & fiscal prudence. We urge the BOP make sure the promise of its new policies is realized in practice. Below are excerpts from the 17 page doc...

Purpose & Scope: §571.60 Purpose & scope. Under 18 U.S.C. 4205(g), a sentencing court, on motion of the Bureau of Prisons, may make an inmate with a minimum term sentence immediately eligible for parole by reducing the minimum term of the sentence to time served. Under 18 U.S.C. 3582(c)(1)(A), a sentencing court, on motion of the Director of the Bureau of Prisons, may reduce the term of imprisonment of an inmate sentenced under the Comprehensive Crime Control Act of 1984. The Bureau uses 18 U.S.C. 4205(g) & 18 U.S.C. 3582(c)(1)(A) in particularly extraordinary or compelling circumstances which could not reasonably have been foreseen by the court at the time of sentencing. For the purposes of this Program Statement, the terms “compassionate release” & “reduction in sentence” are used interchangeably. In deciding whether to file a motion under either 18 U.S.C. 4205(g) or 18 U.S.C. 3582(c)(1)(A), the Bureau of Prisons should consider whether the inmate’s release would pose a danger to the safety of any other person or the community.

Program Objectives: The expected results of this program are:

- A motion for a modification of a sentence will be made to the sentencing court only in particularly extraordinary or compelling circumstances that could not reasonably have been foreseen by the court at the time of sentencing.
- The public will be protected from undue risk by careful review of each compassionate release request.
- Compassionate release motions will be filed with the sentencing judge in accordance with the statutory requirements of 18 U.S.C. 3582 (c)(1)(A) or 4205(g).

Summary of Changes: Policy Rescinded: P5050.48 Compassionate Release; Procedures For Implementation of 18 U.S.C. 3582 (c)(1)(A) & 4205(g) (4/22/13) ... *The following have been added* to this version of the Program Statement:

- Criteria regarding requests based on medical circumstances.
- Criteria regarding requests based on non-medical circumstances for elderly inmates.
- Criteria regarding requests based on non-medical circumstances in which there has been the death or incapacitation of the family member caregiver of an inmate’s child.
- Criteria regarding requests based on non-medical circumstances in which the spouse or registered partner of an inmate has become incapacitated.
- A list of factors that should be considered for all requests.
- Information regarding the electronic tracking database.

Initiation of Request: Extraordinary or Compelling Circumstances: § 571.61 Initiation of request – extraordinary or compelling circumstances.

a. A request for a motion under 18 U.S.C. 4205(g) or 3582(c)(1)(A) shall be submitted to the Warden. Ordinarily, the request shall be in writing, & submitted by the inmate. An inmate may initiate a request for consideration under 18 U.S.C. 4205(g) or 3582(c)(1)(A) only when there are particularly extraordinary or compelling circumstances which could not reasonably have been foreseen by the court at the time of sentencing. The inmate’s request shall at a minimum contain the following information:

- (1) The extraordinary or compelling circumstances that the inmate believes warrant consideration.
- (2) Proposed release plans, including where the inmate will reside, how the inmate will support himself/herself, and, if the basis for the request involves the inmate’s health, information on where the inmate will receive medical treatment, & how the inmate will pay for such treatment.

b. The Bureau of Prisons processes a request made by another person on behalf of an inmate in the same manner as an inmate’s request. Staff shall refer a request received at the Central Office to the Warden of the institution where the inmate is confined.

Requests Based on Medical Circumstances: The criteria for a reduction in sentence (RIS) request may include the following:

a. Terminal Medical Condition. RIS consideration may be given to inmates who have been diagnosed with a terminal, incurable disease & whose life expectancy is eighteen (18) months or less. The BOP’s consideration should include assessment of the primary (terminal) disease, prognosis, impact of other serious medical conditions of the inmate, & degree of functional impairment (if any). Functional impairment (e.g., limitations on activities of daily living such as feeding & dressing oneself) is not required for inmates diagnosed with terminal medical conditions; however, functional impairment may be a factor when considering the inmate’s ability or inability to reoffend.

b. Debilitated Medical Condition. RIS consideration may also be given to inmates who have an incurable, progressive illness or who have suffered a debilitating injury from which they will not recover. The BOP should consider a RIS if the inmate is:

- Completely disabled, meaning the inmate cannot carry on any self-care & is totally confined to a bed or chair; or
- Capable of only limited self-care & is confined to a bed or chair more than 50% of waking hours.

The BOP’s review should also include any cognitive deficits of the inmate (e.g., Alzheimer’s disease or traumatic brain injury that has affected the inmate’s mental capacity or function). A cognitive deficit is not required in cases of severe physical impairment, but may be a factor when considering the inmate’s ability or inability to reoffend. All RIS requests should be assessed using the factors outlined in Section 7.

Requests Based on Non-Medical Circumstances – Elderly Inmates: The criteria for a RIS request may include the following:

a. “New Law” Elderly Inmates. Inmates sentenced for an offense that occurred on or after November 1, 1987 (e.g., “new law”), who are age 70 years or older & have served 30 years or more of their term of imprisonment.¹

b. Elderly Inmates with Medical Conditions. Inmates who fit the following criteria:

- Age 65 & older.
- Suffer from chronic or serious medical conditions related to the aging process.

- Experiencing deteriorating mental or physical health that substantially diminishes their ability to function in a correctional facility.

- Conventional treatment promises no substantial improvement to their mental or physical condition.

- Have served at least 50% of their sentence.

Additionally, for inmates in this category, the BOP should consider the following factors when evaluating the risk that an elderly inmate may reoffend:

- The age at which the inmate committed the current offense.

- Whether the inmate suffered from these medical conditions at the time the inmate committed the offense.

- Whether the inmate suffered from these medical conditions at the time of sentencing & whether the Presentence Investigation Report (PSR) mentions these conditions.

c. Other Elderly Inmates. Inmates age 65 or older who have served the greater of 10 years or 75% of the term of imprisonment to which the inmate was sentenced.

Elderly inmates who were age 60 or older at the time they were sentenced ordinarily should not be considered for RIS if their current conviction is listed in the Categorization of Offenses Program Statement. All RIS requests should be assessed using the factors outlined in Section 7.

Requests Based on Non-Medical Circumstances – Death or Incapacitation of the Family Member Caregiver: The criteria for a RIS request may include the death or incapacitation of the family member caregiver of an inmate's child, e.g., RIS requests from inmates whose biological or legally adopted child or children ("child") are suddenly without a family member caregiver due to that caregiver's death or incapacitation. For these requests, "child" means a person under the age of 18 & "incapacitation" means the family member caregiver suffered a severe injury (e.g., auto accident) or suffers from a severe illness (e.g., cancer) that renders the caregiver incapable of caring for the child. In reviewing these requests, BOP should assess, based on the information provided, whether release of the inmate to care for the inmate's child is in the best interest of the child.

Requests Based on Non-Medical Circumstances – Incapacitation of a Spouse or Registered Partner: The criteria for a RIS request may include the incapacitation of an inmate's spouse or registered partner when the inmate would be the only available caregiver for the spouse or registered partner.

Sec 7: Factors & Evaluation of Circumstances in RIS Requests:

For all RIS requests, the following factors should be considered:

- Nature & circumstances of the inmate's offense.

- Criminal history.

- Comments from victims.

- Unresolved detainers.

- Supervised release violations.

- Institutional adjustment.

- Disciplinary infractions.

- Personal history derived from the PSR.

- Length of sentence & amount of time served. This factor is considered with respect to proximity to release date or Residential Reentry Center (RRC) or home confinement date.

- Inmate's current age.

- Inmate's age at the time of offense & sentencing.

- Inmate's release plans (employment, medical, financial).

- Whether release would minimize the severity of the offense.

When reviewing RIS requests, these factors are neither exclusive nor weighted. These factors should be considered to assess whether the RIS request presents particularly extraordinary &

compelling circumstances. Overall, for each RIS request, the BOP should consider whether the inmate's release would pose a danger to the safety of any other person or the community.

Fed Investigation Tip-Off Didn't Obstruct Justice – Aug 15, 2013 – *California* – By www.CourtHouseNews.com / Jeff D. Gorman - The 9th Circuit invoked the hit FX show "Sons of Anarchy" to reverse convictions against men who tipped off an outlaw motorcycle club about a pending Fed investigation. Like the cable TV show, the events at issue here occurred in California's Central Valley. FBI agent Nathan Elias had headed the Central Valley Gang Impact Task Force's plan in 2006 to stop a chapter of the Hells Angels from forming in Modesto. The investigation focused on 2 known associates of the gang, Robert Holloway & his son Brent, who co-owned Road Dog Cycle Shop, which was suspected of dealing in stolen motorcycles & parts. Before the investigation could get moving, however, the task force had to plug leaks from law enforcement personnel suspected of relaying information to the Holloways. While secretly tapping Robert's phone, the task force published a "Gang Intelligence Bulletin" that purported to contain confidential information intended only for law-enforcement personnel. In reality, however, the bulletin contained watered-down information that would not jeopardize the investigation if leaked. Shortly after the bulletin was published, county court bailiff David Swanson called Robert Holloway's friend Gary Ermoian & said Robert should "watch his back." Ermoian relayed this information to Robert & said he should "take a look around the shop to see if you see anything." Stephen Johnson ran a business that subcontracted with law enforcement to perform canine sniff searches. He told Robert & Ermoian that he "overheard" that the Road Dog shop would be the target of impending joint investigation by the ATF & the Dept of Justice. A Fed grand jury indicted 12 defendants associated with Road Dog in 2009. Swanson was acquitted of obstruction of justice, but Ermoian & Johnson were convicted. They appealed, arguing that the FBI investigation was not an "official proceeding" under the Fed obstruction of justice statute. Noting that "the facts of this case read like an episode of the fictional television drama 'Sons of Anarchy,'" the 9th Circuit vacated the men's convictions Wed. "The overall tenor of the definitions associated with the legal usage of 'proceeding' supports the notion that a mere criminal investigation does not qualify as one," Judge Diarmuid O'Scannlain wrote for a 3-member panel. "'Proceeding' is a word much used to express the business done in courts & is an act done by the authority or direction of the court, express or implied," he added. "Indeed, in listing the various actions that might qualify as a proceeding, in law the earliest ancillary or provisional step adjudged to qualify as such was an arrest, which - of course - would occur after the criminal investigation had already been completed." Both defendants should be acquitted on remand & "retrial must also be barred," the 17-page ruling states.

Reaching the end of a job interview, the Human Resources Officer asks a young engineer fresh out of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, "And what starting salary are you looking for?" The engineer replies, "In the region of \$125,000 a year, depending on the benefits package." The interviewer inquires, "Well, what would you say to a package of 5 weeks' vacation, 14 paid holidays, full medical & dental, company matching retirement fund to 50% of salary, & a company car leased every 2 years, say, a red Corvette?" The engineer sits up straight & says, "Wow! Are you kidding?" The interviewer replies, "Yeah, but you started it."

Why is Alleyne of Great Importance or Significance? – Aug 15, 2013 – U.S.A. – By Craig M. Coscarelli, Paralegal; www.FederalCriminalParalegal.com - Its ruling should put our criminal justice system back on track. Since *McMillan v. Pennsylvania*, 477 U.S. 79 (1986), State & Fed Courts have been sentencing defendants unconstitutionally. Think about it, thousands of defendants languish in prison under sentences that today are unconstitutional. Why? Because for 27 years the American jury was deprived of its constitutional function. Under *Alleyne*, a prosecutor cannot make an end-run around the jurisdictional prerequisite of an indictment by charging any Fed offense, then proceeding to prosecute a defendant for a different, albeit related offense. Likewise, a prosecutor cannot make this jurisdictional end-run, & then urge the court to sentence the defendant for an offense for which the defendant was never charged, or that the prosecutor never proved beyond a reasonable doubt. A fundamental premise of our constitution is that it is not what one “really” does that can be punished, but only that conduct which is proved at trial beyond a reasonable doubt. In *Alleyne v. United States*, 133 S. Ct. 2151 (2013), the Supreme Court dropped the biggest bombshell on criminal procedural law (a watershed rule) since *Gideon v. Wainwright*, 372 U.S. 335 (1963). A watershed rule in criminal procedural implicates “the fundamental fairness & accuracy of the criminal proceeding.” The paradigmatic example of a watershed is *Gideon*, which established that the accused has the right to have representation by counsel in all criminal trials for “serious offenses.”

Alleyne Re-Cap: In *Alleyne* the defendant was convicted of using a firearm in the commission of a violent crime, which carries a 5-year minimum term. At sentencing, the judge found that the defendant had in fact “brandished” that firearm, a theory which the jury rejected, & thus increased the applicable minimum to 7 years. *Id.* at 2152. The Supreme Court, in overruling prior precedent, held that only a jury can determine facts which increase a mandatory minimum sentence because “a fact triggering a mandatory minimum alters the prescribed range of sentences to which a criminal defendant is exposed.” *Alleyne*, 133 S.Ct. at 2160. Facts that increase a prescribed range of penalties are “part of the substantive offense,” which under the Due Process Clause cannot be found by a judge without the consent of the defendant. *Id.*

The Roots of Alleyne: Until *Alleyne* overturned nearly 27 years of precedent set in *McMillan* Courts had unanimously concluded that an increase in the mandatory minimum based on judicial fact-finding did not run afoul of the Due Process Clause. But see, Judge Young (before *Allyene*) in *United States v. Kandirakis*, 441 F. Supp 2d 282 (D. Mass. 2006)(“ thousands of American languish in prison under sentences that today are unconstitutional . . . for 17 years the American jury was disparaged & disregarded in derogation of its constitutional function; a generation of federal trial judges has lost track of certain core value of an independent judiciary because they have been brought up in a sentencing system that strips the words ‘burden of proof’, ‘evidence’, & ‘fact’ of genuine meaning. . .”) *Id.* Judge Young clearly did not believe the majority of the courts fully understood the consequences of its misunderstanding of *Apprendi*’s reasoning, even for 924(c). Now, however, those consequences, not only 924(c) but for all criminal statutes, are becoming painfully more apparent. In *United States v. Henderson*, 105 F.Supp. 2d 523, the Court noted that, “the Supreme Court’s watershed decision in *McMillan* dramatically narrowed the broad historical view of offenses.” *Id.*, at 530. And, went on to explain that the *McMillan* Court upheld a Pennsylvania law that required judges to sentence

anyone convicted of certain felonies to a minimum of 5 years if the defendant “visibly possessed a firearm” during the commission of the felony. *McMillan*, 477 U.S., at 86-88. The statute explicitly provided that the firearm possession was not to be included as an element of the crime, but instead provided that the sentencing judge alone was to make the factual finding by a preponderance of the evidence at a sentencing hearing. The Court relied heavily on the legislature’s express decision declaring the fact a non-element & stated that Courts “should hesitate to conclude that due process bars the State from pursuing its chosen course in the area of defining crimes & prescribing penalties.” *Id.*, at 86. In upholding the statute, the Court, for the first time, coined the term “sentencing factor” referring to those facts that need not be found by a jury, but that may be determined by a judge in determining a sentence within a statutory range. *Id.* The Court was explicit in declaring that its holding was restricted to situations in which the maximum statutory penalty was not increased. *Id.*, at 87-88. It explained that: “[The Pennsylvania statute] neither alters the maximum penalty for the crime committed nor creates a separate offense calling for a separate penalty; it operates solely to limit the sentencing court’s discretion in selecting a penalty within the range already available to it without the special finding of visible possession of a firearm . . . The statute gives no impression of having been tailored to permit the visible possession finding to be a tail which wags the dog of the substantive offense.” *Id.* Post-*McMillan* cases continued the swing towards greater judicial fact-finding authority & away from the traditional role of the jury as the ultimate finder of statutory aggravating circumstances directly linked to statutory penalties. In determining whether a statutorily defined fact was an element of the offense or a mere sentencing factor, the Court relied heavily on the tautology expressed in *McMillan* that an element of the offense is anything that the legislature chooses to call an element of the offense. Courts used various maxims of statutory construction to ascertain congressional intent, & the general approach was described as looking to “the statute’s language, structure, subject matter, context, & history.” See *Almendarez-Torres v. United States*, 523 U.S. 224, 228 (1998). Accordingly, Courts engaged in a micro-analysis of federal statutes, analyzing the effect of every comma, parsing the statutes into smaller phrases & words, studying the legislative history, & considering the legislative purpose behind the statutes. If Congress intended for statutory facts to be sentencing factors, then Courts found that intent dispositive under *McMillan*, regardless of the practical effect of the factual finding. For example, with respect to a Section 841(a) violation, the placement of types & amounts of drugs in a Section entitled “Penalties,” [?? 841(b)] separate & apart from a Section listing certain elements of an offense & entitled “Unlawful Acts,” led Courts, including this one, to conclude that the legislature intended that fact to be a sentencing factor, not an element of the offense. See *Almendarez-Torres*, 523 U.S., at 234 (“A title that contains the word ‘penalties’ more often . . . signals a provision that deals with penalties for a substantive crime”). *Alleyne* restored the balance. The Supreme Court concluded in *Alleyne* that the distinction between mandatory minimum & maximum was illusory, & enunciated a simple rule of law. “Any fact that, by law, increases the penalty for a crime is an ‘element’ that must be submitted to the jury & found beyond a reasonable doubt.” *Alleyne*, 133 S. Ct. at 2163. In addition to overruling the Court’s previously held statutory interpretation of 18 U.S.C. 924(C)(1)(A)(ii) by recognizing as unconstitutional judicial fact-finding to establish mandatory minimum sentences, the Supreme Court’s recent decision in *Alleyne*, announced a new constitutional rule by redefining what a “crime” is in the context of the Sixth Amendment. Acknowledging that the historic

“relationship between crime & punishment” compels that any fact which by law increases the range of punishment to which a criminal defendant is exposed IS An Element of A New Offense, “A Distinct & Aggravated Crime.” These elements are entitled the full panoply of constitutional protection under the Sixth Amendment “in conjunction with due process.” Thus, use of the term “sentencing factor” to describe a fact which alters a legally prescribed range, is a legal misnomer. The *Alleyne* decision, while certainly buttressing *Apprendi*, does not require *Apprendi*’s support, as the constitution itself will suffer nothing less than the *Alleyne* rule. That is to say, *Alleyne* stands wholly & solidly on its own, embedded into the rights of the accused as codified in the Sixth Amendment. Thus, *Alleyne* represents a watershed rule of constitutional law on par with *In re Winship & Gideon v. Wainwright*. Furthermore, it would be wrong to say that *Alleyne* merely recognized a new right because, notwithstanding the Supreme Court’s *McMillan & Harris* jurisprudence, the Constitution has always guaranteed an accused the right to know & understand, by looking at his indictment, the maximum legally prescribed range of punishment to which he is exposed. Hence, although many federal criminal defendants since *McMillan* was decided in 1986 have been denied this right, it remains his right nonetheless. Accordingly, *Alleyne* must be given full retroactive effect to cases on collateral review, & treated as a “watershed” rule. Failure to observe the *Alleyne* rule carries a substantial risk that one accused will be either wrongly convicted or subjected to a sentence the law can not impose on him, which not only erodes the public’s confidence in the justice system, but imperils the system’s integrity. Under these circumstances, the interest in finality must yield.

Now to Which Cases Does Alleyne Apply? Although the issue came up in a federal firearm prosecution, the decision will affect any case in which legislators provided enhanced minimum penalties based on certain facts, such as drug quantity. With that said, *Alleyne* will affect not only state & federal mandatory minimum sentences, but also plea negotiations involving such sentences. More importantly, the legal principles of *Alleyne* are significant because a defendant may be actually innocent of the conviction or aggravated crime. Cf., *Mullaney v. Wilbar*, 421 U.S. 697, 698 (1975)(Citing *Winship*), where the Supreme Court has made clear beyond peradventure that due process & associated jury protections extend, to some degree, “to determinations that [go] not to a defendant’s guilt or innocence, but simply to the length of his sentence.

Closing Statement: We have had numerous inquiries from inmates regarding the series of article written on *Alleyne*. We have put together the best info available to date & empirical data in hope to give you a better understanding of the unconstitutional history of pre-*Alleyne*. In the near future we will have relevant questions & answers relating, (1) plea agreements; (2) indictment; (3) enhancements; & (4) relevant conduct. As always your comments & questions are welcome. Please stay tuned.

Law agencies prepare for ‘Bandidos’ gathering - Aug 16, 2013 – *Utah* – By Tracie Sullivan; www.thespectrum.com - Law enforcement agencies throughout Southern Utah are ramping up additional security in preparation for a motorcycle rally expected to draw hundreds of members of an infamous “outlaw” biker gang. Police from Cedar City as well as sheriff’s office personnel from Iron, Kane, Washington & Garfield counties are preparing for 500 to 1,000 members of the International Bandidos MC to descend on Duck Creek during Labor Day weekend. Although the group refers to itself as a club, the FBI & Criminal

Intelligence Service Canada have named the Bandido Nation an “outlaw motorcycle gang.” The U.S. Dept of Justice has also documented the Bandidos as one of the most visible outlaw motorcycle gangs in the country, along with other “one-percenter” groups, such as the Hells Angels, Outlaw MC & the Pagans. The term “one-percenters” was coined after a 1947 motorcycle rally in Hollister, Calif., where a small group of outlaw bikers wreaked havoc. The event drew intense media coverage & prompted the American Motorcyclist Association to publicly state 99 percent of those at the rally were well-behaved, with just one percent being unruly. In 1953, the film “Wild One,” starring Marlon Brando, was reportedly inspired by the Hollister events, & the “one-percenter” label was embraced by motorcycle gangs. The Bandidos, established in 1966 in Houston by a Marine who served in Vietnam, is said to be linked to a range of organized crimes, including welfare fraud, gun running, arson, prostitution, bank fraud, contract murder & drug sales. The club’s emblem is a pistol-toting bandit. “They call themselves a club & motorcycle enthusiasts,” said St. George Police Sgt. Johnny Heppler, the supervisor for the Fraudulent Identity & Securities Threats Unit in Washington County, whose duties include gang investigations. “But they have ties to organized crime worldwide & they publicly associate themselves with the outlaw lifestyle.” The Bandidos’ slogan is, “We are the people our parents warned us about.” They are one of the groups known among law enforcement as the “Big Four” of outlaw motorcycle gangs, along with the Hells Angels, Pagans & Outlaws. “This group is the same type as Hells Angels or any other ‘motorcycle club,’” said Iron County Sheriff Mark Gower. The Bandidos event will largely take place in Kane County on private property located at Duck Creek, but many of the members rolling in that weekend will likely stay in Cedar City & throughout Southern Utah. Cedar City Police Public Information Officer Jimmy Roden said the Dept has taken the necessary steps to deal with the influx of people, including increasing patrol. “We’ve been ready for this for a while,” Roden said. “We’ve known it was coming & we’ve worked with several different agencies to plan for it.” Roden didn’t want to go into too much detail, but said his agency will be providing additional information to the public closer to the actual event. He said he plans to elaborate more on the role of the police & also on what the community can expect during that weekend. While Labor Day Weekend is generally abuzz with law enforcement out in full force, this year the various county sheriffs & Cedar City police plan on bringing in even more backup to beef up their presence over the holiday. “We’ve called in some assistance from the state troopers & surrounding law enforcement agencies,” said Kane County Chief Deputy Tracy Glover. “We’re ready for this & we will have plenty of law enforcement out.” Washington County Sheriff Cory Pulsipher also confirmed his Dept will be assisting Kane County during this time. “I’ve been putting my guys through some additional training to prepare for this event.” Pulsipher said. With the Iron County Fair going on at the same time, the county sheriff’s Dept is always out full force over the holiday weekend. “There’s no time off for anyone. We’ll be fully staffed like we always are on Labor Day Weekend,” Gower said. Gower emphasized that while residents need to be aware of their surroundings there is no reason to panic. The major issue for Southern Utah law enforcement with the Bandidos gathering isn’t the club’s activities while here, but the possibility of a rival gang storming into town to cause problems, Gower said. Still, the sheriff encouraged residents to follow through with any plans they have for the weekend & to enjoy the activities going on in the community over the holiday. Heppler, who confirmed the FIST unit has been collecting & sharing intelligence with various local law enforcement agencies on Bandidos activities, reiterated

Gower's sentiments, adding that residents should be cautious, but at the same time confident that law enforcement does have a handle on the situation. The Bandidos conference is a mandatory meeting & gives the club an opportunity to discuss activities, pending criminal cases, potential new members, disciplinary issues & plan the following year's annual ride. Group members refer to the gathering as "going to church." The group's reputation for violence prompted Moab officials in 2008 to request emergency funding from the Utah Commission on Criminal & Juvenile Justice when the Bandidos swarmed there for their "annual conference." The Bandidos are estimated to have 2,500 members in 13 countries, according to the U.S. Dept of Justice. There are pockets of the group throughout Utah, with many of them in Tooele County. However, Heppler said the group does have members residing in St. George who call themselves the Dixie Chapter. "The fact is, not every member in the group is bad," Heppler said. "But they are associated with the gang & they wear the one-percenter patch & align themselves with the outlaw lifestyle so we continue to monitor them." In 2004 the area Utah chapter president of the Bandidos was arrested for investigation of attempted criminal homicide after the shooting of a former member. Until then, Utah had not experienced many problems with outlaw biker gangs but it was after this that they began moving in.

Omaha Police Arrest Suspect in Hells Angels Club Murder - Aug 19, 2013 - *Nebraska* - By www.KPTM.com - The sighting of a stolen car led Omaha police to the suspect in a July murder at an Omaha motorcycle club. Police say members of the Fugitive Task Force saw Jay Witt in the stolen car near I-680 & 30th Street Monday morning at about 9:30. They followed him & then pulled him over. Witt was arrested without incident. Witt was booked for 2nd degree murder. Police say Witt killed William Furlong at a Hells Angels MC near 27th & J St in mid-July

Homicide Suspect Captured By Police - Aug 19, 2013 - *Nebraska* - By www.WOWT.com - The Metro Fugitive task force tracked down homicide suspect Jay Witt & took him into custody Mon morning. Witt was reportedly in a car stolen out of Dakota County, Neb. Dakota County Sheriff Chris Kleinberg says a report came into his office around 8 this morning of a vehicle that was stolen from the Jackson Express. When deputies arrived the vehicle was already gone, but they found that the vehicle had a way to be tracked; GPS. The GPS led police to capturing Witt back in Omaha at 30th & Sorensen Pkwy. Witt was armed but surrendered to police without incident. Witt is a suspect in the death of 48-year-old William Furlong. Furlong's body was found in the Hells Angels MC CH on Jul 15. The death was suspicious & they've been investigating it as a homicide.

Motorcycle Gangs are Coming to CV - Aug 19, 2013 - *Arizona* - By Vincent Schaan; www.PrescotteNews.com - "The Chino Valley Shootout" Boxing Event will take place this weekend. The Chino Valley P.D. would like to advise the citizens & visitors to our community that in preparation for the "Chino Valley Shootout" boxing event, hosted by the Hells Angels, occurring this Sat & Sun. The P.D. has organized a multi-jurisdictional group of law enforcement officers from across the state & the tri-city area to assist the Dept in providing adequate law enforcement staffing & to ensure the safety of the citizens of Chino Valley. The Dept began preparation for this event last month upon receiving information from the AZDPS Gang Intelligence Team Enforcement Mission regarding the upcoming Hells Angels event. Over the weekend citizens can expect to see a substantial amount of police presence in the Chino Valley area. Law

enforcement officers will be conducting extra patrols throughout the Chino Valley area with focus on traffic & criminal laws. Criminal activity of any kind will not be tolerated & anyone arrested will be transported to the Yavapai County Jail in Prescott for booking. This weekend marks the 3rd anniversary of the shooting between members of 2 outlaw motorcycle gangs. Gang members from the Hells Angels & the Vagos exchanged numerous gunshots on Yuma Drive in an unincorporated part Chino Valley.

Supreme Court Weighs In On Drug-Sniffing Dogs - Aug 20, 2013 - *U.S.A.* - By Gregory Robey; www.jdsupra.com - The U.S. Supreme Court recently upheld 4th Amendment constitutional protections against the unreasonable search & seizure tactics in *Florida v. Jardines*. In this case, officers approached the perimeter of a home without a warrant, & with drug-sniffing dogs. Typically police officers are permitted to do what any private citizen could. However, Justice Scalia, writing for the majority in the *Jardines* decision, explains that "A police officer not armed with a warrant may approach a home & knock, precisely because that is no more than any private citizen might do...But introducing a trained police dog to explore the area around the home in hopes of discovering incriminating evidence is something else. There is no customary invitation to do that." By way of contrast, if a police officer is walking down the street & can clearly see something indicating a crime, such as drug paraphernalia from the sidewalk, the officer is able to seize it without a warrant because this falls under the "plain view" exception to the warrant requirement. Plain view has come to have subsets, such as plain smell. Justice Elena Kagan noted in her opinion concurring with the decision, that a "drug-detection dog is a specialized device for discovering objects not in plain view (or plain smell)." This is much different than if odors emanating from a home could be smelled from public locations. Justice Scalia likened the use of drug-sniffing dogs to the use of thermal imaging technology, which the Court already ruled violates the 4th Amendment if done without a warrant. This case has reigned in another potential overreach of police ability to skirt warrant requirements. There are many exceptions to warrant requirement that law enforcement uses to its benefit, but the Courts need to reign in these tactics when they are taken too far.

Ex-Vagos member gets 7 years in NV casino shootout - Aug 21, 2013 - *Reno, Nevada* - By The Associated Press; www.SFGate.com - A former member of the Vagos motorcycle gang has been sentenced to up to 7 years in prison for his role in a 2011 shootout at a Nevada casino that killed a rival Hells Angel. Gary "Jabbers" Rudnick pleaded guilty earlier to second-degree murder as part of a plea deal agreeing to testify against a fellow Vagos convicted Aug. 7 of first-degree murder in the death of Jeffrey "Jethro" Pettigrew, president of the Hells Angels' chapter in San Jose. Rundick said Ernesto Gonzalez, ex-Pres of the Vagos in Nicaragua, shot Pettigrew during the melee as part of an orchestrated assassination plot. KTVN-TV reports (<http://tinyurl.com/m9kppbo>) Judge Connie Steinheimer said Wed Rudnick will be eligible for parole in 2 years. Gonzalez faces up to life in prison at his sentencing Oct. 3

New Sex Position: Two cowboys were sitting in a bar when one asked his friend if he had heard of the new sex position called rodeo. His friend says no, what is it? Well you mount your wife from the back, reach around & cup her breasts with both hands. Then say, "Boy, those are almost as nice as your sisters"... Then see if you can hold on for 8 seconds.

Middleton shooting victims were using meth – Aug 21, 2013 – *Massachusetts* – By Julie Manganis; www.SalemNews.com - In the days leading up to Sunday's double shooting outside a Middleton home, things were getting strange, witnesses told police. Michael MacMullin, 24, & Kevin Wolff, 27, were at MacMullin's home, along with other members of the Red Devils motorcycle gang & some of their girlfriends. A couple of nights earlier, on Friday, 2 unknown individuals showed up, making threats & assaulting one of the other men in the home. Later, they returned & poured gasoline on the motorcycles parked outside, the witnesses told police, according to court papers. MacMullin & Wolff spent part of the following day, Saturday, doing "lines" of crystal methamphetamine and, believing the assailants were going to return, growing more & more paranoid, the witnesses told police. They kept thinking they saw things on the home video surveillance system they had set up. At one point, Wolff was standing outside with a flashlight, a gun in his hand, scanning the nearby woods & walking around his garage. Sometime after that, he called for MacMullin to come outside & look at something. Moments later, the friends heard gunshots, 15 to 20 in total. By the time it was over, both men had been shot. Wolff was found lying near an SUV, bleeding from wounds to his torso; MacMullin had run to a relative's home nearby, with a wound to his arm. Three vehicles also had bullet holes in them, according to court papers. Both men remain hospitalized, & MacMullin was arraigned his bed at Lahey Hospital in Burlington yesterday on charges of attempted murder, assault & battery with a dangerous weapon & discharging a firearm within 500 feet of a dwelling. He pleaded not guilty, according to the Essex district attorney's office, which had sought bail of \$100,000 cash. Judge Robert Brennan set bail at \$10,000 cash, but ordered that if released, MacMullin must wear an electronic monitoring bracelet, remain confined to his home, surrender all of his weapons, not consume any drugs or alcohol, submit to random screens, & have no contact with Wolff or any members of the motorcycle gang. Police are continuing their investigation. According to court papers, investigators have been unable so far to speak to Wolff. Investigators have not said whether he will face any charges. MacMullin, questioned by police at the hospital, recalled being handed a gun by someone inside the home, going outside & shooting someone, but said he didn't know who. Another witness questioned by police said she saw both men holding guns, then saw MacMullin fire at Wolff, who returned fire. After MacMullin fled, another person in the home retrieved the guns & took them inside, where he wrapped them in a towel & left them on the bar. Police later executed a search warrant & found a gun safe in the home. A probable cause hearing in the case is scheduled for Oct. 18 in Salem District Court.

Milwaukee Is Ready For Harley's 110th - Aug 23, 2013 – *Wisconsin* - By Canyon Carver; www.BikerNet.com - Everything's ready for America's biggest party of the year – the H-D 110th Anniversary celebration in Milwaukee over Labor Day Weekend. The Milwaukee party is the culmination of a year-long, global celebration that has rocked 11 countries on 6 different continents, where H-D has celebrated with fans united by a common bond & shared passion for freedom, self-expression & adventure. In the past year, H-D employees, dealers & riders have shared thousands of amazing experiences, including a ride through the Tibetan Plateau in China, a parade along the beaches of Sao Paulo & even a Papal blessing. "It's been an amazing ride around the world for our 110th. And, now we're bringing the party home," said H-D Senior V.P. & Chief Marketing Officer Mark-Hans Richer. "What better way to cap off this year-long adventure than by hosting the biggest party in America over

Labor Day weekend, right here in our hometown with thousands of our family & friends? It's going to be epic." Fans can instantly connect to all of the 110th Anniversary action by downloading the official event mobile app, available for free at http://110.harley-davidson.com/en_US/events/milwaukee2013. The fully featured & jam-packed app is the official roadmap to all the fun, including a full event schedule, maps & artists section with details on all 60-plus bands performing at the Summerfest Grounds & Marcus Amphitheater. The app also includes a social media section where fans can see what others are capturing & saying about the event through photos & video.

Gang detective explains motorcycle clubs involved in Nampa raid – Aug 29, 2013 – *Idaho* – By Jamie Grey; www.KTVB.com - On Wed night, Fed agents raided 2 MC houses in Nampa. Dozens of FBI agents & other officers served warrants at the Brother Speed Clubhouse & the Road Brothers Clubhouse as well as a home. Boise Police Gang Unit Detective Dave Leavitt was not on that raid, but has extensive experience dealing with what are known as "Outlaw Motorcycle Gangs" in the area & offered some insight into the 2 groups involved here. He explained police classify Brother Speed as one of those groups, & the other group in this case, the Road Brothers, are affiliated with a gang called the Gypsy Jokers. Police say there are hundreds of members of Motorcycle Outlaw Gangs in our state. "They typically have a fairly well-organized entity. They have like a Pres, V.P., Treas, Sec, Sergeant of arms, so they're very well organized. They oftentimes have clubhouses in the area that they go to on a regular basis & maintain, & they live in the community," Leavitt said. Boise Police Gang Unit Detective Dave Leavitt explains groups like those raided by federal agents in Nampa are different than just an average group of riders who like to get together on the weekends, wear leather & ride. "What's the line between them? Criminal activity. The outlaw motorcycle clubs or gangs, like Brother Speed, is going to commit criminal acts. Not always on a regular basis, but they do," Leavitt said. Brother Speed started in the late 60s in Boise, with a group of motorcycle enthusiasts, but today police say the group has changed over time. "Eventually it morphed & changed into what it is today, an outlaw motorcycle club with a 3-piece patch that commits criminal activity," Leavitt said. Police say Brother Speed members wear leather vests, with one of the patches showing a skull wearing goggles & a scarf & wings. The Road Brothers wear a single patch with an interstate logo, such as I-84 or I-5. As for the Fed agent raid on those 2 clubhouses, it remains to be seen exactly what officers found when executing warrants. At this point it is known one arrest was made: 45-year-old Timothy Butterbaugh, who was picked up for a meth distribution charge at his home. U.S. Atty Wendy Olson could not confirm Butterbaugh's involvement with either of those clubhouses, but she says the investigation is not over. Court documents from Butterbaugh's case show the Treasure Valley Metro Violent Crime & Gang Task Force began investigating in April.

Little Johnny strikes again: Teacher asks the kids in her 3rd grade class: "What do you want to be when you grow up?" Little Johnny says: "I wanna be a billionaire, go to the most expensive clubs, get me the finest bitch, give her a Ferrari worth over a million bucks, an apartment in Copacabana, a mansion in Paris, a jet to travel throughout Europe, & an Infinite Visa Card, while banging her 3 times a day". The teacher, shocked, & not knowing what to do with this horrible response from little Johnny, decides not to acknowledge what he said & simply tries to continue with the lesson . . . "And how about you, Sarah?" "I wanna be Johnny's bitch."

‘Motorcycle gang’ defendants set for Sept trial – Aug 28, 2013 – *Georgia* – By Emma Witman; www.GainesvilleTimes.com - More than a year after indictment, 8 defendants are set to go to trial in federal court in Gainesville on conspiracy & firearm charges. Federal authorities charged 23 people, most with ties to the Outlaw MC & affiliate clubs in Georgia, authorities said, with drug & gun offenses stemming from an undercover FBI investigation. Being tried in Gainesville are Davey Honeycutt, Brandon Musser, Reynol Castrejon, Phillip Honeycutt, Thomas Coley, Josue Guerrero, David Rizo-Troncoso & Jessi Castillo, all charged with drug & weapon conspiracy charges in USA v. Honeycutt et al. The men pleaded not guilty. The case is scheduled for U.S. District Judge Richard Story’s Sept. 23 calendar call. Three inmates indicted on “riot” charges after a fight in the Hall County Jail, 3 inmates are now facing additional felony charges. Phillip Blocker, Dujuane LaMonta Myers & Isa Williams were indicted on charges of riot in a penal institution by the Hall County Grand Jury on Aug. 15. Two other inmates who were allegedly involved are not charged in the Jan. 7 incident.

Despite self-defense argument, murder charge in shooting at North Charleston motorcycle shop still stands – Aug 29, 2013 – *South Carolina* – By Andrew Knapp; www.PostAndCourier.com - On the night he fatally shot a man outside a North Charleston motorcycle shop, Ronald Reid stuck to his story. He wasn’t part of the group that instigated a fight leading to the shooting, he told detectives. He said he punched someone only after someone hit him as he tried to leave Cycle Gear on Dorchester Road. He saw 41-year-old Maurice Horry in the parking lot shaking a gun in his hand, but Reid said he didn’t draw his own pistol & fire until after a bullet pierced his right leg as he ducked for cover. The round Reid fired that day buried into Horry’s heart & killed him. During a preliminary hearing Thu, Reid’s attorney, Andy Savage, argued that it wasn’t possible for his client to have fired the first shot. Reid is accused of shooting one person, Horry, but 2 others also died. Reid & Horry are thought to be the only shooters. But if Horry had suffered a fatal wound before he opened fire, Savage said, he wouldn’t have had a chance to shoot anything. The attorney also pointed out a police detective’s acknowledgment that no evidence or witness statements, other than Reid’s own words, put him inside the store that day. Those are reasons why Savage asked a magistrate to dismiss the murder charge that Reid, a 44-year-old Summerville resident, faces in the June 29 incident that authorities said was the result of feuding motorcycle clubs. “It’s a simple case,” Savage said. “It’s self-defense.” Magistrate James Gosnell sighed & said, “Nothing’s easy these days.” “There are never any winners when it comes to this,” Gosnell said. “Everybody lost that day.” Gosnell allowed the murder case to proceed toward trial, but the hearing helped reveal Reid’s self-defense claim, something supporters have argued since the shootings. Horry’s mother praised Gosnell’s decision. “God is not dead,” said Virginia Horry, of Mount Pleasant. “He is very much alive.” Savage plans to ask a judge to hold a hearing for Reid to argue his case under South Carolina’s “stand your ground” law. Reid, whose criminal history consists of a misdemeanor conviction for disorderly conduct in 1990, held a concealed-weapons permit. Theodore Waymyers Jr., 36, of Summerville, & 39-year-old Carlos Davis of Columbia also were killed. Horry’s family members have attributed their deaths to Horry, but they also said he was acting in self-defense. Barry Stinson, 32, of New London, N.C., & Derryl Gadson, 49, of West Ashley, also were arrested on charges of second-degree assault by mob. Gadson is free on \$500,000 bail, & Gosnell lowered Stinson’s bail from \$500,000 to \$100,000 during Thu’s hearing. Police Detective Christopher Terry’s testimony

confirmed accounts previously reported by The Post & Courier about what prompted the melee & the shootings. Timothy Haymond, 37, had just left his nearby house with Horry. Both are members of the Real Kings MC, which is affiliated with an umbrella group called Outcast. Haymond & Horry rode their motorcycles on the street near a cookout hosted by the Wheels of Soul club, which has butted heads with Outcast members elsewhere in the county. They revved their engines. To some of the Wheels of Soul bikers, that was a show of disrespect. Haymond & Horry continued to Cycle Gear, where they shopped. About 6 minutes later, video surveillance from a bank next door showed Wheels of Soul members Stinson & Davis pull into the parking lot in a Honda sedan. They climbed out & donned leather vests showing their club’s colors. Seconds later, 4 or 5 others arrived on motorcycles & in cars. The detective said Davis approached Haymond in the store & told him to leave. Haymond refused. That’s when, the detective said, Davis grabbed Haymond’s arm. “Don’t grab my bro,” Horry said, according to the detective. Stinson started hitting Haymond until he collapsed to the floor & was knocked unconscious, the detective said. Haymond told police that he had been hit with a “paddle stick.” A weapon fashioned from rope with a lead ball attached to the end was found at the scene. The detective said Reid was involved with the group, but he acknowledged during Savage’s questioning that no evidence supported that. Horry ran outside & fetched a pistol from his motorcycle. The detective said Horry held the gun in his hand as his friend, Haymond, got beat up inside. “He was nervous,” Terry said of Horry. “He actually dropped the gun on the ground & had to bend over & pick it up.” Terry said the bank’s video footage showed Reid walk outside, raise his arms & point something in his hands. But Reid’s target isn’t visible, Terry said. When a bullet hit Reid’s leg isn’t apparent either, he said. “It’s possible,” Terry said, that Reid was reacting to gunfire. But it was detectives’ “feeling,” Terry said, that Reid was the first to shoot. “A feeling is not evidence,” Savage told the detective, “and there’s evidence that will contradict this testimony.”

Guilty pleas change trial plans for 27 Hells Angels – Aug 30, 2013 – *Canada* - By Paul Cherry; www.MontrealGazette.com - An unprecedented flurry of guilty pleas on Friday from Hells Angels who admitted they conspired to kill their rivals proved to be a game-changer. Twenty-seven biker gang members did a sudden about-face at the Gouin courthouse, pleading guilty to taking part in a conspiracy to commit murder during the bloody conflict between 1994 & 2002 that came to be known as the biker gang war. Every major city in the province witnessed its violence. The guilty pleas came as 9 members of the gang’s Sherbrooke chapter were to begin what was to have been the first of 5 so-called megatrials that would try the members on a total of 22 charges of first-degree murder as well as the general conspiracy. The charges stemmed from Opération SharQc, an investigation that resulted in the 2009 roundup of nearly every member of the Hells Angels in Quebec. On May 31, 2011, Superior Court Justice James Brunton broke down a group of 155 people charged on a massive indictment into 6 groups. He stayed charges filed against 31 people who were charged only with drug trafficking & gangsterism offences, then set a timetable under which 5 groups of alleged full-patch gang members, separated into their respective chapters, were tried for the murders. Initially, a group of roughly 30 members of the gang’s Sherbrooke chapter were scheduled to be the first to go to trial. Through a series of guilty pleas over the last 2 years, the group was whittled down to 9 men whose trial was scheduled to begin Tuesday. But on Friday, everything changed. The 2 courtrooms, located in the basement of the specially designed courthouse, were humming all

day with 2 long plea-bargain hearings, & by the end of the day 27 Hells Angels from various chapters had admitted to taking part in a plan to eliminate members of the Alliance, an affiliation of organized crime groups that opposed the Hells Angels' aggressive plan to expand control over drug trafficking turf in cities including Montreal, Quebec City & Trois-Rivières. In one courtroom, before Brunton, 8 members of the Sherbrooke chapter, including 4 who were set to go on trial on Tuesday, entered their guilty pleas. They were joined by 2 gang members from the South chapter (based on Montreal's South Shore) as well as one member each from chapters based in Montreal & Trois-Rivières. Meanwhile, in the other courtroom, 15 members of the gang's Quebec City chapter, the second group scheduled to have a trial, also pleaded guilty to conspiracy to commit murder before Superior Court Justice Martin Vauclair. That left the Quebec City chapter with only a few members willing to face a trial & only 5 left from Sherbrooke. When all was said & done Friday, the Crown announced, before Brunton, that it plans to file a new indictment on Tuesday grouping together all of the 51 remaining men who were arrested in SharQc since 2009 (according to the Sûreté du Québec's website, another 9 are still being sought) for a possible megatrial. The development means the lengthy trial Brunton was expected to begin presiding over on Tuesday will most likely be cancelled. Brunton said he will still address the jury selected to hear the trial, & will likely liberate them & explain why the trial they were supposed to hear won't take place. "In the best interests of justice, to avoid interminable delays, given the volume of evidence & everything it demands of the justice system, it was decided to group together the 51 (accused) into one indictment," Madeleine Giauque, the chief prosecutor in Operation SharQc, said after a busy day at the courthouse. "Technically, there could be one trial for all." Another option, Giauque said, is to divide the group into 2 & have both trials heard at the same time. The new indictment will include one charge of general conspiracy to commit murder, & only 7 first-degree-murder charges, down from the 22 murder charges on the original indictment. Most of the Hells Angels who pleaded guilty on Friday were immediately sentenced by Brunton & Vauclair. The sentences varied significantly. Two Hells Angels — Mario Dion, 48, & René Bibeau, 46 — received suspended sentences (on top of the time they have already served) as well as 3 years of probation. Both were supposed to be part of the trial that was set to start on Tuesday. The toughest sentences went to those who were directly involved in some of the 22 murders. Much of the evidence is under a publication ban, but can be referred to in general terms. For example — according to a summary of facts read into the court record by prosecutor Gaston Langevin — Mario Auger, 44, a member of the Quebec City chapter, took part in 2 of the murders in which the victims were innocent bystanders killed by mistake. Auger received a 25-year sentence overall. With time served factored in, Auger was left with 14 years & 9 months on his sentence. Some of the calculations subtracted sentences gang members already served within the context of the biker gang war. Two members of the Quebec City chapter — Alain Harton, 59, & Daniel Hudon, 62 — were already behind bars & serving lengthy sentences they received in 2002 for drug trafficking when Operation SharQc was carried out in 2009. Both saw 32-month consecutive prison terms added to existing sentences that will end in 2014 & 2015 respectively. Pierre Hamilton, 47, also a member of the Quebec City chapter, crossed his arms & appeared stone-faced as Vauclair confirmed his 25-year sentence. With time served factored in, Hamilton was left with 183 months to serve & he is required to spend half of it behind bars before he can apply for parole.

Plea by members of Outlaws MC draws prosecutors' objections – Aug 31, 2013 – *Indiana* – By Kristine Guerra; www.Courier-Journal.com - A leader & a member of the Outlaws Motorcycle Club want to plead no contest to a federal charge, a move that would essentially treat them as if they were guilty. But prosecutors object. Joshua Bowser, whom prosecutors describe as an "enforcer" for the group, & Jamie Bolinger appeared in court Friday afternoon. They planned to plead guilty to several charges, including illegal gambling, wire fraud & extortion, but wanted to plead nolo contendere, or no contest, to charges of violating the Racketeer Influenced & Corrupt Organizations Act. RICO is a federal law intended to fight organized crime. In a no-contest plea, defendants do not explicitly admit guilt. Instead, they waive their rights to trial & allow the court to treat them as if they were guilty. A judge decides whether to accept the plea. The case goes to trial if it's rejected. Prosecutors in the case, which stems from a July 2012 raid on the club's Near Eastside headquarters, oppose the no-contest plea. Prosecutors said a no-contest plea to RICO, instead of a guilty plea, would allow the defense to argue that the Outlaws MC is not an organized crime group. Such a plea also would allow disparate treatments of other defendants who are not leaders of the group & have already pleaded guilty to RICO, Assistant U.S. Atty Brad Blackington said.

Cites cost of trial: Monica Foster, Bowser's atty, said a no-contest plea is a fair compromise, given that Bowser will plead guilty to several other charges. She emphasized that a trial would put a strain on an already tight Fed budget. She cited potential court & security expenses if the case were to go to trial. "The court needs to think about the resources being used in this trial," Foster said. She also said that with one of the group's leaders pleading guilty to several charges, other members will follow his example. "I don't think I'm reading tea leaves to suggest to you that there could be other pleas coming," Foster said. James McKinley, Bolinger's atty, echoed Foster. "He (Bolinger) wants to avoid trial & man up to his charge," McKinley said. "The nolo plea is an efficient, constitutional way to bring this case to a close."

Club raided last year: Bowser & Bolinger are among 42 people associated with the club who have been charged with 37 counts of Fed crimes ranging from mail fraud & money laundering to drug dealing & extortion. Prosecutors allege that members of the Outlaws are part of an extensive criminal network throughout the Midwest. The club, which U.S. Atty Joseph Hogsett has said is more sophisticated than typical street gangs, is accused of concocting fraudulent schemes, selling drugs, using violence to collect debts & running an illegal gambling operation that racked up thousands of dollars a day. The club members were arrested July 2012 after the FBI raided the club's headquarters on East New York St & Jefferson Ave. Locations in Fort Wayne & Ohio also were raided. Judge Tanya Walton-Pratt of the U.S District Court for the Southern District of Indiana heard arguments from both sides Friday & postponed a ruling until a hearing at 11 a.m. Tuesday. If Walton-Pratt decides to reject the no-contest plea, a trial for Bowser & Bolinger will be scheduled Wed.

Out bicycling one day with my 8-year-old Granddaughter, Carolyn, I got a little wistful. 'In ten years,' I said, 'you'll want to be with your friends & you won't go walking, biking, & swimming with me like you do now. Carolyn shrugged. 'In ten years you'll be too old to do all those things anyway.'

Think... Do... Make a Difference...

Who Framed Dave Burgess - Aug 31, 2013 - *Wyoming / Nevada* - By The Aging Rebel; www.AgingRebel.com - Dave Burgess, as I first pointed out here on February 9, 2009, was framed. Burgess was, virtually by acclamation, the nicest Hells Angel you would ever want to meet - a kind, generous, compassionate guy with an artist's soul & beautiful women draped on his arms - but he was framed anyway. He was framed because he made powerful enemies throughout his life. He was framed because he owned what was left of the Mustang Ranch. He was framed because his whore-earned prosperity enabled him, at least potentially, to make a difference in court cases brought against Hells Angels. And obviously, Burgess was framed to embarrass the Hells Angels MC. Burgess was accused of possessing almost 2 ounces of cocaine & marijuana following a "routine traffic stop" just outside Evanston, Wyoming on July 24th, 2007. Forty-five days later he was indicted for amassing the largest child pornography collection ever discovered. Burgess was, or so the official case against him went, so obsessed with child porn that he brought a backup of his collection with him. The jury that convicted him, & many Hells Angels around the world, were led to believe that Burgess had actually molested the daughter of one of his club brothers.

Obvious Lies: I always thought that all the accusations made against Dave Burgess were obvious lies. I spent 3 & a half years trying to determine exactly which branch of government was behind the framing. I was greatly assisted by a couple of people who were neither Hells Angels nor policemen. They know who they are. Without them the book never could have been written. Burgess was framed as part of a great, plausibly deniable, federal conspiracy. I spent a long time looking at the FBI Anti-Terrorism Task Force in Las Vegas but I couldn't pin the framing on them. In the book, I mention the SOD, the inter-agency Special Operations Division, as representative of the kind of secret task force that probably framed Burgess. But I can't tell you specifically who was behind the frame up. The sad truth is that the American secret police establishment is just too Byzantine to be able to say the FBI did it or the ATF or Homeland Security did it. I could if I had subpoena powers but unfortunately, I don't. I can tell you that the plot to frame Dave Burgess was broad enough that a malfunctioning hard drive was stolen from a drawer in his home in Reno sometime before July 20, 2007 & what is apparently the same drive later appears in Cheyenne, Wyoming in Sept "chock full of porn." I can tell you that the plot to frame Dave Burgess was transparent enough that almost everyone involved in it provably lied. In the end, it doesn't matter which secret Fed police force imagined the framing of Dave Burgess. What I learned in writing this book is that very broad Fed conspiracies are never carried out by the unscrupulous policemen who invent them. They are subcontracted. In Burgess' case, the man who stole the hard drive & the people who actually fabricated evidence against Dave Burgess would never have had contact with one another.

Cheyenne ICAC: In Burgess' case, the dirty end of the stick was in Wyoming. The evidence used to frame Dave Burgess was fabricated in Cheyenne. That is where the facts point. It was a blatantly obvious conspiracy carried out by as many as a dozen members of the Wyoming Dept of Criminal Investigation. The evidence points most directly at senior agents in the Internet Crimes Against Children Cheyenne Task Force, a federally funded "state" police agency. The 2 agents who seem most likely to have actually fabricated the evidence against Burgess are named Flint Waters & Robert Leazenby. They had the time, the opportunity & skills to frame Burgess. Waters has made a fine

career out of kiddie porn. He has appeared on Oprah, accompanied Laura Bush to Paris & he is now the Chief Information Officer for the State of Wyoming. He & Leazenby are both self-taught computer programmers. There is a smoking gun in the case. As recently as the final day of Burgess' trial it would have been absolutely possible to exonerate Dave Burgess & incriminate Waters, Leazenby or whoever else was involved in the plot. Unfortunately, Burgess was represented by a public defender named Jim Barrett, who is at least a nominee for worst defense lawyer in the world. The Burgess case is so extremely corrupt that it is impossible not to think Barrett was selected to defend Burgess because of his loathsome incompetence & stupidity. Before, during & after the trial the prosecutor in the case, Jim Anderson, pursued Burgess like a psychopath & readers can decide for themselves whether Anderson was involved in the plot to frame Burgess or not. And, readers can also decide for themselves whether the judge in the case, a man named Alan Bond Johnson, was actually in on the plot or whether he was simply the passive aggressive old bastard portrayed in the public record.

Judge Johnson: Johnson's rulings in the case denied Dave Burgess a fair trial. Burgess was accused of possessing at least 58,000 obscene images. Anderson repeatedly told the judge & jury that the Burgess porn trove was much larger than that. At Burgess' sentencing, Judge Johnson accused Burgess of possessing 30,000 more obscene images than had previously been asserted. Out of all of that, only 2 of those images were ever examined by an independent forensic "expert." The expert was the Guamanian IT guy in the Denver federal defenders office. His name is DVDJ G-Funk. G-Funk looked at the Hex code hidden in 2 of the most incriminating photos. His examination lasted for 40 minutes on the last day of Burgess' trial. Unfortunately G-Funk hardly knew what he was talking about & nobody else in the courtroom that day did either. What appears to have been Burgess' last chance at vindication unfolded last Spring. Burgess' current cadre of lawyers moved for a look at the evidence used to convict him. The motion was based on the grounds that Judge Johnson had erred several times during the case & that Burgess' lawyer was incompetent. Johnson turned them down & ended his 150 page decision with the chilling words, "Accordingly, no evidentiary hearing is required." Consequently, the evidence used to smear & imprison Dave Burgess & smear the Hells Angels has never been forensically examined except by the people who framed Burgess in the first place. Save two, the dirty pictures have been stared at but they have never been independently, forensically examined. And the obvious reason to deny Burgess an evidentiary hearing is that the evidence used to convict the man has now been destroyed - to protect the people who framed Burgess in the first place. If you are intrigued by the Burgess case, or if you care about Dave Burgess, or if you are interested in the world of outlaw motorcycle clubs, or if you just happen to like the way I write you can learn & read more by buying a copy of *Framing Dave Burgess: A True Story About Hells Angels, Sex And Justice* by Donald Charles Davis. You can buy the book here. If you really care about Dave Burgess, buy a bunch of copies. Keep one for yourself & give the rest away to people with the power to actually do something about this horrifying & grotesque miscarriage of justice.

His wife's graveside service was just barely finished, when there was a massive clap of thunder, followed by a tremendous bolt of lightning, accompanied by even more thunder rumbling in the distance. The little, old man looked at the pastor & calmly said, "Well, she's there."

Hells Angels memoir a fascinating ride – Sept 1, 2013 – *California* - By Kathleen Palmer; www.NashuaTelegraph.com - "Phil Cross: Gypsy Joker to a Hells Angel," by Phil & Meg Cross; Motorbooks; hardcover; 237 pages; \$30. First off, let's be clear: I've been on a motorcycle all of twice in my life. I'm pretty sure I screamed & clung to the bike owner the whole time. That being said, when "Phil Cross: Gypsy Joker to a Hells Angel" came across my review desk, I was nonetheless intrigued. I knew very little about the Hells Angels MC, nor biker culture. When I sat down to read Cross' story, I couldn't put it down. Born in San Francisco in 1942, Cross grew up during a time on that coast that was full of excitement, cultural change & lots of opportunities to get into trouble. The book chronicles his journey from his childhood on his family's ranch in a remote part of California, to learning how to shoot guns & fight at a very early age. After a colorful stint in the U.S. Navy, he became one of the founding members of the San Jose, Calif., chapter of the Gypsy Jokers MC, who over the years alternated between warring with the Hells Angels & keeping a cool detente with them. The fact that he & a few Gypsy Jokers "patched over" to that rival club was nothing short of audacious. Cross got into his fair share of scraps & brushes with the law, being in & out of jail & on the run for several years. He discusses dozens of his biker brothers & their experiences, with a matter-of-fact, surprisingly charming voice throughout the book. Yes, there's cursing, but there's also humor & pathos, & the reader comes away with a clear understanding of the unshakable bonds these men share from the time they join a club, to the end of their days. It's enviable & at times quite touching. What really added to my enjoyment of the book was the copious photos of Cross & his comrades, covering nearly 50 years of being a motorcycle club member. There are some terrific photos of bikers & bikes, showcasing their friendships & gatherings. It's also a great pictorial of a time period. Dig those 1970s pants & hairstyles! Cross rubbed elbows with a lot of celebrities throughout his Hells Angels tenure. There he is with John Belushi & Dan Ackroyd in New York City, at the height of their popularity. There he is sparring with "Superfoot" Bill Wallace, & chatting up Robin Williams & Gene Simmons at bars. There he is on Willie Nelson's tour bus, hiding out while on the FBI's Ten Most Wanted List. The biggest thing that shines through the photos, though, is Cross himself. An avid devotee of martial arts & working out, his lean, muscular physique was honed for business. But what riveted this reader was his eyes. There is a kindness & softness there that belies the dozens of tales of barroom brawls & prison stays. It's probably what hooked his wife, Meg, a clean-cut office assistant to Cross' accountant who eventually agreed to one date & ended up going on the run with him. Cross doesn't look much different now, in his seventies. His rough-and-tumble friends continue to show their devotion to each other still, whether it's by honoring Cross' 40 years with the Hells Angels with a cake & a painting, celebrating his book release, or by attending funerals of the fallen en masse. I grew up hearing the word "gang" following the words "Hells Angels." But despite the hype – & even the undisputable cold hard facts of some historical events – what is clear from this telling of a life lived on the edge of society is that this was always a club, not a gang, in its members' eyes. And through the eyes of Cross, we are given a ride worth taking.

A woman was trying hard to get the ketchup out of the jar... During her struggle the phone rang so she asked her 4-year-old daughter to answer the phone... 'Mommy can't come to the phone to talk to you right now she's hitting the bottle...

Police alert on former Finks bikie Mark Sandery's vow to hunt down rivals who shot his son – Sept 2, 2013 – *Australia* – By Nigel Hunt; www.HeraldSun.com.au - Police are monitoring the activities of former Finks bikie Mark Sandery following his release from prison. There are fears Sandery will seek revenge against rival Hells Angels bikies connected to the shooting of his 11-year-old son in a home invasion at his Semaphore home in Sept 2011. Sandery has publicly vowed to exact revenge on those responsible for shooting his son, stating "We'll unturn every rock & we will find you, you f**king dogs." Police have charged Hells Angels prospect Aaron Cluse, 23, in connection with the shooting & are aware of the identities of the 4 others allegedly involved. Cluse is in custody awaiting trial. Several days after the shooting 14 gunshots were fired into Cluse's Burton home & in Jan, 2012, the same house was the subject of a deliberate arson attack that caused \$150,000 damage. Sandery was released from prison after serving a 14-month sentence for possessing a SKS semi-automatic rifle & 700 rounds of ammunition. While a judge ruled there was "reasonable doubt" he knew the weapon was in his Semaphore home when it was raided by police, he was convicted because the law required him to prove he did not know it was there. Sandery is not subject to any parole conditions or restrictions on his movements, but he is still the subject of a Firearms Prohibition Order. Assistant Commissioner (Crime) Paul Dickson said police expected Sandery will "comply with the law." "It's worth noting that all people with known links to outlaw motorcycle gangs are never far away from the attention of police, as there is a community expectation that we monitor these people in a bid to prevent violence & criminality," he said. Police are also monitoring the activities of high-profile gang figure Vince Focarelli, whose parole period expired last week. While Focarelli has made no public statements concerning the gang-related murder of his son Giovanni, in January last year, he is aware of who killed his son & shot him several times in the same ambush at Dry Creek. Police also fear those responsible for the failed attempt on Focarelli's life may also make another attempt to thwart any possibility of a revenge attack by him.

Timeline of Mark Sandery:

1996: Sandery was a ringleader in the infamous Yatala prison riots, in which 4 prison officers were beaten, tied up & urinated upon & was jailed for his involvement.

Dec 2010: Sandery assaults a couple in their 50s - punching the woman in the face & pushing her husband & is later jailed for 6 months.

Oct 2011: Men break into Sandery's Semaphore home & fire shots at the beds where his 2 sons are sleeping, hitting an 11-year old boy in the leg. Makes public threats of retribution against those responsible.

Dec 2011: Sandery is charged & later convicted with possessing an SKS semi-automatic rifle & 600 rounds of ammunition at his former Semaphore home - despite being in Melbourne at the time. Jailed for 14 months.

Aug 2013: Sandery is released from prison at the end of his firearms sentence.

Sex At 79: I just took a leaflet out of my mailbox, informing me that I can have sex at 79. I'm so happy, because I live at number 71. So it's not too far to walk home afterwards. And it's the same side of the street. I don't even have to cross the road!

I think it is just terrible & disgusting how everyone has treated Lance Armstrong, Especially after what he achieved - winning 7 Tour de France races, while on drugs. When I was on drugs, I couldn't even find my fucking bike much less ride it...

It was a 'Hell's' of a day - Sept 02, 2013 – *California* – By Rick Elkins; www.RecorderOnline.com - Labor Day marks 50th anniversary of motorcycle invasion - It has become something of lore, something to talk about, something that still today is remembered by many. It was the day the Hells Angels came to Porterville. But, it is not that the Hells Angels converged on the town of only 8,000 residents at the time. It is that Porterville stood up to the notorious motorcycle riders & ran them out of town. It was Aug. 31, 1963, the outlaw bikers began arriving in town, & on Sept. 3, 1963, the headline in the Porterville Evening Recorder read: "200 Motorcycles Converge On City." The story that day, with a subhead of "Rowdy Riders Routed By Police, Dogs, Fire Hose," told of the riders coming into town & with every passing hour becoming more of a problem until police & city officials took action. Hunter S. Thompson, one of the more infamous writers of our time, discussed details of that day in his book on the Angels. Sonny Barger, the famous leader of the Hells Angels, devoted part of his book "Hells Angel: The Life & Times of Sonny Barker & the Hells Angels MC" to the day, calling it the "first really big semi-organized outlaw motorcycle get-togethers in California." The standoff made most major newspapers, was covered by Newsweek & made more famous by Thompson in his book. Many have liked to tell the story of that day, & over the years the story changed a bit, became a little more embellished. However, even today it is still talked about. The late Bill Rodgers, who was mayor at the time, loved to tell the story of how he & police chief of the time, Fran Torigian, stared down the notorious bikers & ran them out of town.

The lure of free beer: One story of that day 50 years ago said the biker gangs — there were others besides Hells Angels — were attracted to Porterville because of a rumor free beer was going to be offered on Labor Day. In his book, Barger said it was simply a gathering & a meeting of bike clubs from Northern & Southern California. Barger said other gangs represented include the Satan's Slaves, Gallopin' Gooses & the Cavaliers. "In fact, anyone in the motorcycle world came to Porterville," Barger wrote. Accompanying the bikers were several car loads of women & children. The bikers began to showing up on Saturday, & as Porterville police had knowledge they might be arriving "all available men were called in." Thompson wrote: "By late afternoon there were riders beginning to congregate at Main & Olive, with the Eagle Club as their drinking center. A few riders were in Murry Park." At that time, Main Street was also Highway 65 through town. By that evening, things began to get rowdy, with as many as 200 of the club members, including women, becoming boisterous & unruly. Barger wrote in his book what Newsweek wrote in March of 1965 of the standoff in Porterville: "... They rampaged through local bars shouting obscenities. They halted cars, opening their doors, trying to paw female passengers. Some of their booted girlfriends lay down in the middle of the streets & undulated suggestively." Of course, Barger saw it differently, writing that a fight involving a resident inside a tavern on East Date started the events that led police to action. The Recorder's account on Sept. 2, 1963, said "the unwashed, unkempt riders" began to break the law Saturday evening. It said they assembled at Main & Olive & many local residents taunted them throughout their stay. Stories differ as to what happened at the tavern. The Recorder said a biker drank a person's beer, & when the person protested, the biker slugged him. "A patron was knocked from his stool & needed 5 stitches," said The Recorder.

The Farm Tribune — the city's weekly paper at the time, owned & published by Rodgers — reported, "Just when authorities thought the bikers might be leaving town, one of the gang

members was injured in a fight & taken to Sierra View Hospital. A few minutes later a half dozen of the motorcycle boys had swept through Sierra View hospital apparently looking for a man with whom they had had the fight earlier." Barger saw it differently, saying the man who got slugged, came back with a gun & was beaten by several bikers. At the hospital, 4 bikers who had an accident were being treated & when the man saw them, "he freaked out & yelled for the police." That is when Rodgers, acting as mayor, declared marshal law & a plan was forged to drive the bikers out of town.

City takes action: Armed with a city fire engine & 4 police dogs, & aided by officers from the Porterville P.D., Tulare County Sheriff's Dept & California H.P., city officials began preparing for the confrontation. Ted Ensslin, former mayor & who was in his 30s at the time, recalled how brave Police Chief Torigian was in confronting the dangerous looking bikers. Jeff Edwards, local photographer & historian, was called out that night to take photos for both The Recorder & The Fresno Bee. Unfortunately, said Edwards, he loaned out film negatives so many times, his pictures from that night have disappeared. He said he was a little nervous until he saw a local person who was with the motorcyclists & that put him at ease. The first decision that night 50 years ago was to close Murry Park. That was about 7 p.m. At 8 p.m., according to Thompson's account, word came the bikers may be leaving, but then there was an accident & the fight at the tavern. It was after the incident at the hospital that it was decided to force the bikers out of town. "Traffic was bumper to bumper on Main Street; 1,500 local people stood around at Main & Olive to see what would happen. The motorcycle clan, perhaps 300 strong at this point, was living it up drinking, tying up traffic, breaking bottles in the street, using profane & insulting language, putting on what they considered a show," wrote Thompson. At just after 9:30 p.m., Torigian asked the bikers to leave & when one biker tried to go north, he was hit with a blast of water from the fire hose, knocking him to the pavement. Officers were in riot gear with night sticks & shotguns.

The riders were given 5 minutes to leave: The officers worked Main Street north to south, forcing the bikers across the Main Street Bridge. The bikers went south & amassed at the old Sports Center. Then, they were allowed back into town, but just 5 at a time with police escort, to get gas at Main & Olive. It was noted a large crowd of local residents heckled them as they got gas. The Recorder reported that they tried to return about 2 a.m. Sunday, but were turned away at the bridge. In all, no one was seriously injured, damage was limited & only about a half of dozen arrests were made. Fifty years later, the lore continues.

Smile Today..... People Will Wonder What You're Thinking :-)

By far the most dangerous foe we have to fight is apathy...

The world is a dangerous place, not because of those who do evil, but because of those who look on & do nothing. - Albert Einstein

U.S. Defenders:

- We don't accept applications. We accept commitments...
- If we all do a little bit, Then no one has to do a lot...
- There can be no "I", there has to be "We"...
- One heart, One Voice...

National Coalition of Motorcyclists...
An Idea Whose Time Has Come...